

STANDING ORDERS

This is a document that sets out Winkleigh Parish Councils approved and agreed practices. Any deviation must be by resolution of the full Council.

DOCUMENT NO:	WPCP/1
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Approved and Ratified date:	06/05/2020
Minutes Reference:	40.1:20
Review date:	May 2021
Version no:	4

Version	Point(s)	Description of Change	Date
2	5a and 5b 7b 8a(xi) 20a	Previous Resolutions Motions on agenda Move to Part II Inclusion of County Cllr	22/02/17
3	16a vi & 16c	to include “unless under LGA 1972 s135, the Council exempt any contract from any such provision when the Council are satisfied that the exemption is justified by special circumstances”	25/07/2018
4	Numerous to reflect revised Model Standing Orders issued by NALC 2019	Numeorous to reflect committees, Data Protection and updates	12/03/2020

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1) PROPER OFFICER

- a) **The Proper Officer shall be the clerk**
- b) The Proper Officer shall:
 - i) **at least three clear days before a meeting of the council**
 - **serve on councillors by email or post at their residences a signed summons confirming the time, place and the agenda, and**
 - **Provide, on the parish notice board and website, public notice of the time, place and agenda (provided that the public notice with agenda of an extraordinary meeting of the Council convened by councillors is signed by them).**

See standing order 4(b) for the meaning of clear days for a meeting of a full council

- ii) **convene a meeting of the Council for the election of a new Chairman of the Council, occasioned by a casual vacancy in the office;**
- iii) **facilitate inspection of the minutes by local government electors;**
- iv) **receive and retain copies of byelaws made by other local authorities;**
- v) hold acceptance of office forms from councillors;
- vi) hold a copy of every councillor's register of interests;
- vii) assist with responding to requests made under freedom of information legislation and rights exercisable under data protection legislation, in accordance with the Council's relevant policies and procedures;
- viii) receive and send general correspondence and notices on behalf of the Council except where there is a resolution to the contrary;
- ix) Manage the organisation of, storage of, access to, security of and destruction of information held by the Council and its members, in paper and electronic form subject to the requirements of data protection and freedom of information legislation, the Councils Data Retention Policy and other legitimate requirements (e.g. the Limitation Act 1980);
- x) arrange for legal deeds to be executed; [transfer of ownership of land/buildings to and from the council]

(see also standing order 21);
- xi) arrange or manage the prompt authorisation, approval, and instruction regarding any payments to be made by the Council in accordance with its financial regulations;
- xii) record every planning application notified to the Council and the Council's response to the local planning authority on a spreadsheet for such purpose;
- xiii) refer a planning application received by the Council to the full Council within two of the clerks working days of receipt to facilitate an extraordinary meeting if the nature of a planning application requires consideration before the next ordinary meeting of the Council
- xiv) manage access to information about the Council via the publication scheme;
- xv) To sign notices and other documents on behalf of the council

2) RESPONSIBLE FINANCIAL OFFICER

- a) The Council shall appoint appropriate staff member(s)/locum RFO to undertake the work of the Responsible Financial Officer when the Responsible Financial Officer is absent.

3) RULES OF DEBATE AT MEETINGS

- a) **Motions on the agenda shall be considered in the order that they appear unless the order is changed at the discretion of the Chair of the meeting.**
- b) A motion (including an amendment) shall not be progressed unless it has been moved and seconded.
- c) A motion on the agenda that is not moved by its proposer may be treated by the Chair of the meeting as withdrawn.
- d) If a motion (including an amendment) has been seconded, it may be withdrawn by the proposer only with the consent of the seconder and the meeting.
- e) An amendment is a proposal to remove or add words to a motion. It shall not negate the motion.
- f) If an amendment to the original motion is carried, the original motion (as amended) becomes the substantive motion upon which further amendment(s) may be moved.
- g) If there is more than one amendment to an original or substantive motion, the amendments shall be moved in the order directed by the Chair of the meeting.
- h) Subject to standing order 3(k), only one amendment shall be moved and debated at a time, the order of which shall be directed by the Chair of the meeting.
- i) One or more amendments may be discussed together if the Chair of the meeting considers this expedient but each amendment shall be voted upon separately.
- j) A point of order shall be decided by the Chair of the meeting and their decision shall be final.
- k) When a motion is under debate, no other motion shall be moved except:
 - i) to proceed to the next business;
 - ii) to adjourn the debate;
 - iii) to put the motion to a vote;
 - iv) to ask a person to be no longer heard or to leave the meeting;
 - v) to exclude the public and press;
 - vi) to suspend particular standing order(s) excepting those which reflect mandatory statutory or legal requirements.
- l) Before an original or substantive motion is put to the vote, the Chair of the meeting shall be satisfied that the motion has been sufficiently debated.
- m) Excluding motions moved under standing order 4(r), the contributions or speeches by a councillor shall relate only to the motion under discussion and shall not exceed 3 minutes without the consent of the Chair of the meeting.

3) DISORDERLY CONDUCT AT MEETINGS

- a) No person shall obstruct the transaction of business at a meeting or behave offensively or improperly. If this standing order is ignored, the Chair of the meeting shall request such person(s) to moderate or improve their conduct.
- b) If person(s) disregard the request of the Chair of the meeting to moderate or improve their conduct, any councillor or the Chair of the meeting may move that the person be no longer heard or be excluded from the meeting. The motion, if seconded, shall be put to the vote without discussion.
- c) If a resolution made under standing order 3(b) is ignored, the Chair of the meeting may take further reasonable steps to restore order or to progress the meeting. This may include temporarily suspending or closing the meeting at the Discretion of the Chair.
- d) No member shall at a meeting persistently disregard the ruling of the Chair, wilfully obstruct business, or behave irregularly, offensively, improperly or in such a manner as to scandalise the Council or bring it into contempt or ridicule.

4) MEETINGS GENERALLY

- a) **Meetings shall not take place in premises which at the time of the meeting are used for the supply of alcohol, unless no other premises are available free of charge or at a reasonable cost**
- b) **The minimum three clear days for notice of a meeting does not include the day on which notice was issued, the day of the meeting, a Saturday, Sunday, a day of the Christmas break, a day of the Easter break or of a bank holiday appointed or public thanksgiving or mourning.**
- c) **Meetings shall be open to the public unless their presence is prejudicial to the public interest by reason of the confidential nature of the business to be transacted or for other special reasons. The public's exclusion from part or all of a meeting shall be by a resolution which shall give reasons for the public's exclusion.**
- d) Members of the public may make representations, answer questions and give evidence at a meeting which they are entitled to attend in respect of the business on the agenda, either during the public period or with the Chair's consent.
- e) The period of time designated for public participation at a meeting in accordance with Standing Order 4(d) shall not exceed 20 minutes unless directed by the Chair of the meeting
- f) Subject to Standing Order 4(e), a member of the public shall not speak for more than 3 minutes
- g) In accordance with Standing Order 4(f), a question shall not require a response at the meeting nor start a debate on the question. The Chair of the meeting may directed that a written or oral response be given.
- h) A person shall stand when requesting to speak and when speaking (except when a person has a disability or is likely to suffer discomfort). The Chair of the meeting may at any time permit a person to be seated when speaking
- i) A person who speaks at a meeting shall direct their comments to the Chair of the meeting.
- j) Only one person is permitted to speak at a time. If more than one person wants to speak, the Chair of the meeting shall direct the order of speaking.

- k) **Subject to Standing Order 4(l), a person who attends a meeting is permitted to report on the meeting whilst the meeting is open to the public. To “report” means to film, photograph, make an audio recording of meeting proceedings, use any other means for enabling persons not present to see or hear the meeting as it takes place or later or to report or to provide oral or written commentary about the meeting so that the report or commentary is available as the meeting takes place or later to persons not present**
- l) **A person present at a meeting may not provide an oral report or oral commentary about a meeting as it takes place with permission**
- m) **The press shall be provided with reasonable facilities for the taking of their report of all or part of a meeting at which they are entitled to be present.**
- n) **Subject to Standing Orders which indicate otherwise, anything authorised or required to be done by, to or before the Chair of the Council may in their absence be done by, to or before the Vice-Chair of the Council.**
- o) **The Chair of the Council, if present, shall preside at a meeting. If the Chair is absent from a meeting, the Vice-Chair of the council, if present, shall preside. If both the Chair and the Vice-Chair are absent from a meeting, a councillor as chosen by the councillors present at the meetingshall preside at the meeting.**
- p) **Winkleigh Parish Council quorum shall be 4 councillors. Subject to a meeting being quorate, all questions at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of the councillors present and voting.**
- q) **The Chair of a meeting may give an original vote on any matter put to the vote, and in the case of an equality of votes may exercise their casting vote whether or not they gave an original vote. See Standing Orders 5(h) and (i) for the different rules that apply in the election of the Chair of the Council at the annual meeting of the Council**
- r) **Unless Standing Orders provide otherwise, voting on a question shall be by a show of hands. At the request of a councillor, the voting on any question shall be recorded so as to show whether each councillor present and voting gave their vote for or against that question. Such a request will be made before moving to a vote.**
- s) The minutes of a meeting shall include an accurate record of the following:
 - i) The time and place of the meeting.
 - ii) The names of councillors who are present and the names of councillors who are absent;
 - iii) Interests that have been declared by councillors;
 - iv) The grant of dispensations (if any) to councillors;
 - v) Whether a councillor let the meeting when matters that they held interests in were being considered;
 - vi) If there was a public participation session; and
 - vii) The resolutions made.
- t) **A councillor who has a disclosable pecuniary interest or another interest as set out in the Council’s code of conduct, in a matter being considered at a meeting, is subject to statutory limitations or restrictions under the code, on their right to participate and vote on that matter.**

- u) **No business may be transacted at a meeting unless at least one third of the whole number of members of the Council are present and in no case may the quorum of a meeting be less than 4.**
- v) **If a meeting or or becomes inquorate, no business shall be transacted** and the meeting shall be closed. The business on the agenda for the meeting shall be adjourned to another meeting.
- w) A Parish Council meeting shall not exceed a period of 2 hours unless the last business of the meeting is being discussed or by resolution of the Council
- x) All complaints, criticisms, remarks or item other than those covered under the Council's Confidential Reporting Policy, for inclusion on a future agenda brought to a meeting of the council by an individual councillor from a member of the public must be accompanied by the name of the person concerned or they will be deemed out of order. It shall be left to the discretion of the councillor concerned as to whether or not it is thought necessary to obtain a statement from the member of the public concerned.
- y) In an emergency (e.g. to cover a temporary vacancy/illness or other short term absence of the clerk), a Councillor may fulfil the role of Clerk to the Parish council (this must be unpaid (see below)).
- z) It should be noted that councillors may not be paid employees of the council (as there is an unacceptable conflict of interest) and may not become employees of the Council until at least 12 months after ceasing to be a Councillor (*Sections 112(5) and 116 LGA 1972*)
- aa) At a Parish Council Meeting where the Clerk is absent, a councillor may be nominated to take the minutes of the meeting by written notes and/or use of the Council's Dictaphone. This will not prevent the councillor taking a full and active part in the meeting.

5) ORDINARY COUNCIL MEETINGS

- a) **In an election year, the annual meeting of the Council shall be held on or within 14 days following the day on which the councillors elected take office. Winkleigh Parish council accepts this as 14 calendar days** (*s243 LGA 1972*)
- b) **In a year which is not an election year, the annual meeting of the Council shall be held on such a day in May as the Council decides.**
- c) **If no other time is fixed, the annual meeting of the Council shall take place at 6pm.**
- d) **In addition to the annual meeting of the Council, at least three other ordinary meetings shall be held in each year on such dates and times as the Council decides.** WPC scheduled meetings of the Parish Council will be held on the fourth Wednesday of each month with the exception of August and December
- e) **The first business conducted at the annual meeting of the Council shall be the election of the Chair and Vice-Chair of the Council.**
- f) **The Chair of the Council, unless they have resigned or become disqualified, shall continue in office and preside at the annual meeting until their successor is elected at the next annual meeting of the Council.**
- g) **The Vice-Chair of the Council, unless they resign or become disqualified, shall hold office until immediately after the election of the Chair of the Council at the next annual meeting of the Council.**

- h) In an election year, if the current Chair of the Council has not been re-elected as a member of the Council, they shall preside at the annual meeting until a successor Chair of the Council has been elected. The current Chair of the Council shall not have an original vote in respect of the election of the new Chair of the Council but shall give a casting vote in the case of an equality of votes.**
- i) In an election year, if the current Chair of the Council has been re-elected as a member of the Council, they shall preside at the annual meeting until a new Chair of the Council has been elected. They may exercise an original vote in respect of the election of the new Chair of the Council and shall give a casting vote in the case of an equality of votes.**
- j) Following the election of the Chair of the Council and Vice-Chair of the Council at the annual meeting, the business shall include:

 - i) **In an election year, delivery by the Chair of the Council and councillors of their acceptance of office forms unless the Council resolves for this to be done at a later date. In a year which is not an election year, delivery by the Chair of the Council of their acceptance of office form unless the Council resolves for this to be done at a later date;**
 - ii) Confirmation of the accuracy of the minutes of the last meeting of the Council;
 - iii) Review of delegation arrangements to Proper Officer
 - iv) Review of the terms of reference for appropriate working groups;
 - v) Appointment of members to existing internal and external working groups;
 - vi) Appointment of any new working groups;
 - vii) Review of roles and responsibilities for internal working groups;
 - viii) Review and adoption of appropriate standing orders and financial regulations;
 - ix) Review of arrangements (including legal agreements) with other local authorities, not-for-profit bodies and businesses
 - x) Review of representation on or work with external bodies and arrangements for reporting back;
 - xi) In an election year, to make arrangements with a view to the Council becoming eligible to exercise the general power of competence in the future;
 - xii) Review of inventory of land and other assets including buildings and office equipment;
 - xiii) Confirmation of arrangements for insurance cover in respect of all insurable risks;
 - xiv) Review of the Council's and/or staff subscriptions to other bodies;
 - xv) Review of the Council's complaints and grievances procedure;
 - xvi) Review of the Council's policies, procedures and practices in respect of its obligations under freedom of information and data protection legislation (*see also standing orders 11, 18 and 19*);
 - xvii) Review of the Council's policy for dealing with the press/media;

- xviii) Review of the Council's policies and procedures which relate to staff employment;
- xix) Review of the Council's expenditure incurred under s.137 of the Local Government Act 1972 or the general power of competence;
- xx) Determining the time and place of ordinary meetings of the Council up to and including the next annual meeting of the Council.

6) EXTRAORDINARY MEETINGS OF THE COUNCIL

- a) **The Chair of the Council may convene an extraordinary meeting of the Council at any time.**
- b) **If the Chair of the Council does not call an extraordinary meeting of the Council within seven days of having been requested in writing to do so by two councillors, any two councillors may convene an extraordinary meeting of the Council. The public notice giving the time, place and agenda for such a meeting shall be signed by the two councillors.**

7) PREVIOUS RESOLUTIONS

- a) A resolution shall not be reversed within six months except either by a special motion, which requires written notice by at least 3 councillors to be given to the Proper Officer in accordance with standing order 9, or by a motion moved in pursuance of the recommendation of a committee.
- b) When a motion moved pursuant to standing order 7(a) has been disposed of, no similar motion may be moved for a further six months.

8) VOTING ON APPOINTMENTS

- a) Where more than two persons have been nominated for a position to be filled by the Council and none of those persons has received an absolute majority of votes in their favour, the name of the person having the least number of votes shall be struck off the list and a fresh vote taken. This process shall continue until a majority of votes is given in favour of one person. A tie in votes may be settled by the casting vote exercisable by the chairman of the meeting

9) MOTIONS FOR A MEETING WHICH REQUIRE WRITTEN NOTICE TO BE GIVEN TO THE PROPER OFFICER

- a) A motion shall relate to the responsibilities of the meeting for which it is tabled and in any event shall relate to the performance of the Council's statutory functions, powers and obligations or an issue which specifically affects the Parish or its residents.
- b) No motion may be moved at a meeting unless it is on the agenda and the mover has given written notice of its wording to the Proper Officer at least 7 clear days before the meeting. Clear days do not include the day of the notice or the day of the meeting, excluding motions made under 10a
- c) The Proper Officer may, before including a motion on the agenda received in accordance with standing order 9(b), correct obvious grammatical or typographical errors in the wording of the motion.

- d) If the Proper Officer considers the wording of a motion received in accordance with standing order 9(b) is not clear in meaning, the motion shall be rejected until the mover of the motion resubmits it, so that it can be understood, in writing, to the Proper Officer at least 7 clear days before the meeting.
- e) If the wording or subject of a proposed motion is considered improper, the Proper Officer shall consult with the chair of the forthcoming meeting or, as the case may be, the councillors who have convened the meeting, to consider whether the motion shall be included in the agenda or rejected.
- f) The decision of the Proper Officer as to whether or not to include the motion on the agenda shall be final.
- g) Motions received shall be recorded and numbered in the order that they are received.
- h) Motions rejected shall be recorded with an explanation by the Proper Officer of the reason for rejection.

10) MOTIONS AT A MEETING WHICH DO NOT REQUIRE WRITTEN NOTICE

- a) The following motions may be moved at a meeting without written notice to the Proper Officer
 - i) to correct an inaccuracy in the draft minutes of a meeting;
 - ii) to move to a vote;
 - iii) to defer consideration of a motion;
 - iv) to move a proposal on a new planning application
 - v) to move a proposal on approval of payments
 - vi) Motions specifically addressing an agenda item
 - vii) to appoint a person to preside at a meeting;
 - viii) to change the order of business on the agenda;
 - ix) to proceed to the next business on the agenda;
 - x) to require a written report;
 - xi) to appoint a working group and their members;
 - xii) to extend the time limits for speaking;
 - xiii) to exclude the press and public from a meeting in respect of confidential or other information which is prejudicial to the public interest; this may be done by the following motion "I propose we move to Part II" further information must be available to the press and public as to why they are excluded upon request;
 - xiv) to not hear further from a councillor or a member of the public;
 - xv) to exclude a councillor or member of the public for disorderly conduct;
 - xvi) to suspend a particular standing order (unless it reflects mandatory statutory or legal requirements);

11) MANAGEMENT OF INFORMATION

See also standing order 18

- a) **The Council shall have in place and keep under review, technical and organisational measures to keep secure information (including personal data) which it holds in paper and electronic form. Such arrangements shall include deciding who has access to personal data and encryption of personal data.**
- b) **The Council shall have in place, and keep under review, policies for the retention and safe destruction of all information (including personal data) which it holds in paper and electronic form. The Council's retention policy shall confirm the period for which information (including personal data) shall be retained or if this is not possible the criteria used to determine that period (e.g. the Limitation Act 1980).**
- c) **The agenda, papers that support the agenda and the minutes of a meeting shall not disclose or otherwise undermine confidential information or personal data without legal justification.**
- d) **Councillors and staff shall not disclose confidential information or personal data without legal justification**

12) DRAFT MINUTES

- a) If the draft minutes of a preceding meeting have been served on councillors with the agenda to attend the meeting at which they are due to be approved for accuracy, they shall be taken as read
- b) There shall be no discussion about the draft minutes of a preceding meeting except in relation to their accuracy. A motion to correct an inaccuracy in the draft minutes shall be moved in accordance with Standing Order 10(a)(i)
- c) The accuracy of draft minutes, including any amendment(s) made to them, shall be confirmed by resolution and shall be signed by the Chair of the meeting and stand as an accurate record of the meeting to which the minutes relate
- d) If the Chair of the meeting does not consider the minutes to be an accurate record of the meeting to which they relate, they shall sign the minutes and include a paraphrase in the following terms or to the same effect
- e) "the Chair of this meeting does not consider the minutes to be an accurate record of the meeting of the Winkleigh Parish Council held on [date] in respect of [insert Minute ref] were a correct record but in their view was not upheld by the meeting and the minutes are confirmed as an accurate record of the proceedings"
- f) **If the Council's gross annual income or expenditure or receipts and payments (whichever is higher) does not exceed £25,000, it shall publish draft minutes on a website which is publicly accessible and free of charge not later than one month after the meeting has taken place**
- g) Subject to the publication of draft minutes in accordance with Standing Order 12(e) and Standing Order 18(a) and following a resolution which confirms the accuracy of the minutes of a meeting, the draft minutes or recordings of the meeting for which approved minutes exist shall be destroyed

13) CODE OF CONDUCT AND DISPENSATIONS

See also standing order 4(u).

- a) All councillors shall observe the code of conduct adopted by the Council.
- b) Unless they has been granted a dispensation, a councillor shall withdraw from a meeting when it is considering a matter in which they have a disclosable pecuniary interest. They may return to the meeting after it has considered the matter in which they had the interest.
- c) Unless they have been granted a dispensation, a councillor shall withdraw from a meeting when it is considering a matter in which they have another interest if so required by the Council's code of conduct. They may return to the meeting after it has considered the matter in which they had the interest.
- d) **Dispensation requests shall be in writing and submitted to the Proper Officer** as soon as possible before the meeting, or failing that, at the start of the meeting for which the dispensation is required.
- e) A decision as to whether to grant a dispensation shall be made by Proper Officer and that decision is final.
- f) A dispensation request shall confirm:
 - g) the description and the nature of the disclosable pecuniary interest or other interest, to which the request for the dispensation relates;
 - h) whether the dispensation is required to participate at a meeting in a discussion only or a discussion and a vote;
 - i) the date of the meeting or the period (not exceeding four years) for which the dispensation is sought; and
 - j) an explanation as to why the dispensation is sought.
- k) Subject to standing orders 13(d) and (f), a dispensation request shall be considered by the Proper Officer before the meeting or, if this is not possible, at the start of the meeting for which the dispensation is required.
- l) **A dispensation may be granted in accordance with standing order 13(e) if having regard to all relevant circumstances any of the following apply:**
 - m) **without the dispensation the number of persons prohibited from participating in the particular business would be so great a proportion of the meeting transacting the business as to impede the transaction of the business;**
 - n) **granting the dispensation is in the interests of persons living in the Council's area; or**
 - o) **it is otherwise appropriate to grant a dispensation.**

14) CODE OF CONDUCT COMPLAINTS

- a) Upon notification by the District Council that it is dealing with a complaint that a councillor has breached the Council's code of conduct, the Proper Officer shall, subject to standing order 11, report this to the Council.
- b) Where the notification in standing order 14(a) relates to a complaint made by the Proper Officer, the Proper Officer shall notify the Chairman of Council of this fact, and the Chairman shall nominate another staff member to assume the duties of the Proper Officer in relation to the complaint until it has been determined and the Council has agreed what action, if any, to take in accordance with standing order 14(d).
- c) The Council may:
- d) provide information or evidence where such disclosure is necessary to investigate the complaint or is a legal requirement;
- e) seek information relevant to the complaint from the person or body with statutory responsibility for investigation of the matter;
- f) **Upon notification by the District that a councillor has breached the Council's code of conduct, the Council shall consider what, if any, action to take against them. Such action excludes disqualification or suspension from office.**

15) ACCOUNTS AND ACCOUNTING STATEMENTS

- a) "Proper practices" in standing orders refer to the most recent version of "Governance and Accountability for Local Councils – a Practitioners' Guide".
- b) All payments by the Council shall be authorised, approved and paid in accordance with the law, proper practices and the Council's financial regulations.
- c) The Responsible Financial Officer shall supply to each councillor as soon as practicable after 30 June, 30 September and 31 December in each year a statement to summarise:
 - i) the Council's receipts and payments (or income and expenditure) for each quarter;
 - ii) the Council's aggregate receipts and payments (or income and expenditure) for the year to date;
 - iii) the balances held at the end of the quarter being reported and which includes a comparison with the budget for the financial year and highlights any actual or potential overspends.
- d) As soon as possible after the financial year end at 31 March, the Responsible Financial Officer shall provide:
 - i) each councillor with a statement summarising the Council's receipts and payments (or income and expenditure) for the last quarter and the year to date for information; and
 - ii) to the Council the accounting statements for the year in the form of Section 2 of the annual governance and accountability return (AGAR), as required by proper practices, for consideration and approval

- e) The year-end accounting statements shall be prepared in accordance with proper practices and apply the form of accounts determined by the Council (receipts and payments, or income and expenditure) for the year to 31 March. A completed draft annual governance and accountability return shall be presented to all councillors at least 14 days prior to anticipated approval by the Council before the end of the of May. The annual governance and accountability return of the Council, which is subject to external audit, including the annual governance statement, shall be presented to the Council for consideration and formal approval before the end of May

16) FINANCIAL CONTROLS AND PROCUREMENT

- a) The Council shall consider and approve financial regulations drawn up by the Responsible Financial Officer, which shall include detailed arrangements in respect of the following:
 - i) the keeping of accounting records and systems of internal controls;
 - ii) the assessment and management of financial risks faced by the Council;
 - iii) the work of the independent internal auditor in accordance with proper practices and the receipt of regular reports from the internal auditor, which shall be required at least annually;
 - iv) the inspection and copying by councillors and local electors of the Council's accounts and/or orders of payments; and
 - v) whether contracts with an estimated value below £25,000 due to special circumstances are exempt from a tendering process or procurement exercise.
- b) Financial regulations shall be reviewed regularly and at least annually for fitness of purpose.
- c) **A public contract regulated by the Public Contracts Regulations 2015 with an estimated value in excess of £25,000 but less than the relevant thresholds in standing order 18(f) is subject to Regulations 109-114 of the Public Contracts Regulations 2015 which include a requirement on the Council to advertise the contract opportunity on the Contracts Finder website regardless of what other means it uses to advertise the opportunity unless it proposes to use an existing list of approved suppliers (framework agreement).**
- d) The tender and quotation process for contracts for the supply of goods, materials, services or the execution of works shall only be carried out in accordance with the Council's Financial Regulations

17) HANDLING STAFF MATTERS

- a) All matters involving staff shall be carried out in accordance with the Council's policies concerning the management of staff and individual staff contracts

18) RESPONSIBILITIES TO PROVIDE INFORMATION

See also standing order 19.

- a) **In accordance with freedom of information legislation, the Council shall publish information in accordance with its publication scheme and respond to requests for information held by the Council.**
- b) **If gross annual income or expenditure / receipts and payments (whichever is higher) does not exceed £25,000 The Council shall publish information in accordance with the requirements of the Smaller Authorities (Transparency Requirements) (England) Regulations 2015.**

19) RESPONSIBILITIES UNDER DATA PROTECTION LEGISLATION

(Below is not an exclusive list). See also standing order 11.

- a) The Council may appoint a Data Protection Officer.
- b) **The Council shall have policies and procedures in place to respond to an individual exercising statutory rights concerning their personal data.**
- c) **The Council shall have a written policy in place for responding to and managing a personal data breach.**
- d) **The Council shall keep a record of all personal data breaches comprising the facts relating to the personal data breach, its effects and the remedial action taken.**
- e) **The Council shall ensure that information communicated in its privacy notice(s) is in an easily accessible and available form and kept up to date.**
- f) **The Council shall maintain a written record of its processing activities.**

20) RELATIONS WITH THE PRESS/MEDIA

- a) Requests from the press or other media for an oral or written comment or statement from the Council, its councillors or staff shall be handled in accordance with the Council's policy in respect of dealing with the press and/or other media.

21) EXECUTION AND SEALING OF LEGAL DEEDS

See also standing orders 1(b)(xii) and (xvii).

- a) A legal deed shall not be executed on behalf of the Council unless authorised by a resolution.
- b) **[Subject to standing order 21(a), any two councillors may sign, on behalf of the Council, any deed required by law and the Proper Officer shall witness their signatures.]**

The above is applicable to a Council without a common seal.

22) COMMUNICATING WITH DISTRICT AND COUNTY COUNCILLORS

- a) An invitation to attend a meeting of the Council shall be sent, together with the agenda, to the ward councillor(s) of the District and County Council representing the area of the Council.
- b) Unless the Council determines otherwise, a copy of each letter sent to the District and County Council shall be sent to the ward councillor(s) representing the area of the Council.

23) RESTRICTIONS ON COUNCILLOR ACTIVITIES

- a) Unless duly authorised by full council, no councillor shall:
 - i) inspect any premises which the Council has a right or duty to inspect; or
 - ii) issue orders, instructions or directions

24) STANDING ORDERS GENERALLY

- a) A motion to add to or vary or revoke one or more of the Council's standing orders, except one that incorporates mandatory statutory or legal requirements, shall be proposed by a special motion, the written notice by at least 3 councillors to be given to the Proper Officer in accordance with standing order 9.
- b) The Proper Officer shall provide a copy of the Council's standing orders to a councillor as soon as possible after he has delivered his acceptance of office form or after any amendments to Standing Orders
- c) The decision of the Chair of a meeting as to the application of standing orders at the meeting shall be final.